

ON GENERALIZED REGULAR INFRA CLOSED SETS

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(Received On: 25-07-16; Revised & Accepted On: 08-08-16)

ABSTRACT

In this paper is to introduce the concept of generalized regular infra closed sets and study some of its properties. The corresponding infra topological space formed by the family of these sets is studied. The generalized infra closed set is properly placed between the generalized regular infra closed sets and regular generalized infra closed sets. The infra topological space is discussed in this paper and some applications of this newly defined set are also shown.

Keywords: *Infra topological space, Generalized infra closed set, Regular generalized infra closed sets etc.*

1. INTRODUCTION

Adel.M.AL.Odhari introduced the concept of infra topological space. In this paper we introduced Generalized Regular Infra Closed Set (RICP) and analogue concepts associated with infra topological space. Such as Infra Interior Point, Infra Closure Point, Generalized Regular Infra Closed set of subset A of infra space X. We will be denoted by IIP(A), ICP(A), RICP(A).

2. PRELIMINERIES

Definition 2.1: Let X be any arbitrary set. An **Infra- topological space** on X is a collection τ_{iX} subsets of X such that the following axioms are satisfying:

* $A_X-1: \phi, X \in \tau_{iX}$.

* $A_X-2:$ The intersection of the elements of any subcollection of τ_{iX} in X.

i.e) If $0_i \in \tau_{iX}, 1 \leq i \leq n \rightarrow \cap 0_i \in \tau_{iX}$.

Terminology, the ordered pair (X, τ_{iX}) is called Infra - Topological Space.

Definition 2.2: Let (X, τ_{iX}) be an (ITS) and $A \subseteq X$. A is called **infra – open set** (IOS) if $A \in \tau_{iX}$.

Definition 2.3: Let (X, τ_{iX}) be infra topological space. A subset $C \subseteq X$ is called **infra – closed set** in X if $X-C$ is infra – open set in X. (i.e) C is **infra – closed set** (ICS) iff $X-C \in \tau_{iX}$.

Definition 2.4: Let (X, τ_{iX}) be an infra topological space and $A \subseteq X$. The **InfraClosure Point** (ICP) of A is a set denoted by **icp(A)** and given by $\text{icp}(A) = \cap \{C_i: A \subseteq C_i, X-C_i \in \tau_{iX}\}$.

(ie) $\text{icp}(A)$ is the intersection of all infra closed set contained the set A.

Definition 2.5: Let (X, τ_{iX}) be an infra topological space and $A \subseteq X$. The **Infra Interior Points** (IIP) of A is a set denoted by **iip(A)** and given by: $\text{iip}(A) = \cup \{O_i: O_i \subseteq A, O_i \in \tau_{iX}\}$.

(ie) $\text{iip}(A)$ is the union of all infra open sets contained in the set A.

Definition 2.6: A subset A of X is a regular infra pen set if $A = \text{iipicp}A$ and a regular closed set if $A = \text{icpiip}A$.

Definition 2.7: A subset A is generalized infra closed set if $\text{icp}A \subseteq U$ whenever $A \subseteq U$ and U is an open set.

Definition 2.8: Let A be a subset A of X then $\wedge(A) = \cap \{G: A \subseteq G, G \text{ is a open subset of } X\}$.

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3. ON GENERALIZED REGULAR CLOSED SETS IN INFRA TOPOLOGICAL SPACE

In this section, the concept of generalized regular infra closed set and generalized regular open sets are introduced. Some properties of these sets are cited. The corresponding infra topological space obtained by these sets is also introduced and some related theorems are studied.

Definition 3.1: A subset A of a infra topological space (X, τ_{iX}) is called a **generalized regular infra closed** if $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq U$ whenever $A \subseteq U$ and U is an open subset of X .

Example 3.2: Let $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and the corresponding infra topological space be $\tau_{iX} = \{X, \phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{d\}\}$. Let $A = \{b, c\}$ and $U = \{a, b, c\}$. Now, regular infra closed set in X containing $A = \{X, \phi, \{b, c\}\}$. Hence $\{b, c\}$ is generalized regular infra closed set.

Result 3.3: A subset A of (X, τ_{iX}) is called generalized regular infra closed subset of X iff A^c is a generalized regular infra open subset of X .

Theorem 3.4: A subset A of (X, τ_{iX}) is a generalized regular infra closed set if it is a generalized regular infra closed set.

Proof: Let A be a subset of (X, τ_{iX}) . Then by using definition of generalized infra closed set if $\text{ICP}(A) \subseteq U$. Again, by the definition of generalized infra closed set if $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq U$. Hence $\text{ICP}(A) \subseteq \text{RICP}(A)$. (By above definitions).

Remark 3.5: Converse of the above theorem need not be true.

Example 3.6: Let $X = \{a, b, c\}$ and the corresponding infra topological space be $\tau_{iX} = \{X, \phi, \{a\}, \{b\}\}$.

Let $A = \{a\}$ Obviously A is a generalized infra closed subset of X but not a generalized regular infra closed subset of X .
($\text{icp}(\text{iip}(A)) = \phi \neq A$)

Theorem 3.7: A subset A of (X, τ_{iX}) is a generalized regular infra closed set if it is a generalized regular infraclosed set.

Remark 3.8: Converse of the above theorem need not be true.

Example 3.9: Let $X = \{a, b, c\}$ and the corresponding infra topological space be $\tau_{iX} = \{X, \phi, \{a\}\}$. Let $A = \{b, c\}$. A is a generalized regular infra closed set but not a regular infra closed set.

Remark 3.10: $\text{RICP}(A)$ is a generalized regularinfra closed set since $\text{RICP}(A)$ is a regular infra closed infra set and from theorem (A subset A of (X, τ_{iX}) is a generalized regular infra closed set if it is a regular infraclosed set) it is a generalized regular infraclosed subset of X for any subset A of X .

Theorem 3.11: If A is an infra open subset and a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) then it is a regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) .

Proof: Assume that a subset A of (X, τ_{iX}) is a generalized regular closed set. We Prove that it is a regular closed set. Let if possible, A is a generalized regular infra closed subset and an infra open subset of X . Therefore $A = \text{iip}(A)$ (an infra open subset of X) Hence from definition $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq \text{iip}(A) = A$. (ie) $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq A$. But we know that $A \subseteq \text{RICP}(A)$. So, $A = \text{RICP}(A)$. (ie) A is a infra regular closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) . Hence proved.

Result 3.12: ϕ and X are generalized regular infraclosed subset of X .

Remark 3.13: The finite union or intersection of generalized regularinfra closed set need not be a generalized regular infra closed set.

Example for finite intersection of generalized infraclosed sets need not be generalized infra closed sets: Let $X = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ and the corresponding infra topological space be $\tau_{iX} = \{\phi, X, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{d\}\}$. Let $A = \{a, c\}$. Obviously A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . Again let $B = \{b, c\}$. B is also a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . But $A \cap B = \{c\}$ is not a generalizedinfra closed subset of X . Since $A \cap B = c$. The infra open sets $c, \{a, b, c\}, X$. But $\text{RICP}(A \cap B)$ does not contained inc. Hence finite intersection of generalized regular infra closed sets need not be a generalized regular infra closed subset of X .

Example of finite union of generalized regular infra closed sets need not be generalized regular infra closed sets. Let $X = \{a, b, c\}$ and the corresponding infra topological space be $\tau_{iX} = \{\emptyset, X, \{a\}, \{c\}\}$. Let $A = \{a, b\}$. Obviously A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . Again let $B = \{b, c\}$ B is also a generalized regular infra closed subset of X .

But $A \cup B = \{a, b, c\}$ is not a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . Since $\text{RICP}(A \cup B) = \{\emptyset\}$, an infra open subset of X . Hence finite union of generalized regular infra open set need not be generalized regular infra open subset of X .

Theorem 3.14: Let A and B be two regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) then $A \cup B$ is a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) .

Theorem 3.15: The intersection of a generalized regular infra closed set and a closed set is a generalized infra closed set.

Proof: Let A be a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . If U is an infra open subset of X with $A \cap F \subseteq U$ then $A \subseteq U \cup (X \setminus F)$. So, $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq U \cup (X \setminus F)$. $\text{ICP}(A \cap F) \subseteq \text{ICP}(A) \cap \text{ICP}(F) \subseteq \text{RICP}(A) \cap \text{ICP}(F) = \text{RICP}(A \cap F) \subseteq U$. So, $A \cap F$ is a generalized infra closed set.

Remark 3.16: The intersection of a generalized regular infra closed subset and a regular closed infra set is a generalized regular infra closed set. (ie) the intersection of two regular infra closed set is a generalized regular infra closed set.

Theorem 3.17: $\text{ICP}(A)$ is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X in a space where every infra closed subset of X is also a regular infra closed set.

Proof: From Remark, $\text{RICP}(A)$ is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X and From Theorem, $\text{RICP}(A) \cap \text{ICP}(A)$ is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . Since $\text{ICP}(A)$ is a infra closed subset of X . Since every infra closed subset of X are also a regular infra closed subset of X . So, $\text{RICP}(A) = \text{ICP}(A)$.

(ie) $\text{RICP}(A) \cap \text{ICP}(A) = \text{ICP}(A)$, a generalized regular infra closed subset of X .

Theorem 3.18: Let $A \subseteq B \subseteq \text{RICP}(A)$ and A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) then B is also a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) .

Proof: Assume that $A \subseteq B \subseteq \text{RICP}(A)$ and A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) . We prove that B is a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) . Since A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) . So, $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq U$, whenever $A \subseteq U$, U being an infra open subset of X . Let $A \subseteq B \subseteq \text{RICP}(A)$. (ie) $\text{RICP}(A) = \text{RICP}(B)$. Let if possible, there exist an infra open subset V of X such that $B \subseteq V$. So, $A \subseteq V$ and A being a generalized regular infra closed subset of X , $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq V$. (ie) $\text{RICP}(B) \subseteq V$. Hence B is also a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . Hence the theorem.

Remark 3.19: Let $A \subseteq B \subseteq \text{ICP}(A)$ and A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) then B is also a generalized regular infra closed subset of (X, τ_{iX}) .

Theorem 3.20: A subset A of X is a generalized regular infra closed subsets iff $\text{RICP}(A) \cap A^c$ contains a nonzero closed set in X .

Proof: Let if possible A be a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . Also if possible let F be a infra closed subset of X such that $F \subseteq \text{RICP}(A) \cap A^c$ (ie) $F \subseteq \text{RICP}(A)$ and $F \subseteq A^c$. Since F is a infra closed subset of X , F^c is an infra open subset of X containing A . A being generalized regular infra open subset of X , $\text{RICP}(A) \subseteq F^c$. So, we get a contradiction, which leads to the condition. Conversely, let $A \subseteq G$, G being an infra open subset of X . Then $G^c \subseteq A^c$, G^c is a infra closed subset of X . Let if possible $\text{RICP}(A) \cap G^c = \emptyset$. Then $\text{RICP}(A) \cap G^c$ is a nonzero infra closed subset of $\text{RICP}(A) \cap A^c$, which is a contradiction. Hence A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X .

Remark 3.21: Let A be an open and a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . From theorem, A is a regular infra closed subset of X . Hence, $\text{RICP}(A) \cap A^c = A \cap A^c = \emptyset$. (ie) if A be an infra open and a generalized regular infra closed subset of X . $\text{RICP}(A) \cap A^c = \emptyset$. On the otherhand $\text{RICP}(A) \cap A^c = \emptyset$ implies that A is a generalized regular infra closed subset of X but need not be an infra open subset of X .

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Source of support: Nil, Conflict of interest: None Declared

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